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Changing Phases in

# WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

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## GLOBALIZATION AND INDIAN WOMEN

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### Abstract

It was told since many years that globalization would lead to progress capital investments world prosper and the flow of progress would reach to every hook and corner, even to the doors of the people. In order to assess the economic impact of these policies on Indian woman. The globalization effect on women, her work participation, condition of farm workers and the status of women development in relation to the globalization is the aim of this study. The economy of globe has increased the social inequality and plight of women due to continuous increasing of unavailability of government jobs, highly expensive higher education beyond the capacity and status to women and the mentality of looking at women as machine of producing children who neglected part of the society and even today they are unwanted. The picture of economic status of India in globalization is not only the picture of India, but of the whole world. Globalization might have the development of handfuls but not of all working women. So it's a challenge before us to find out going to real development.

### Introduction:

It was told since many years that globalization would lead to progress capital investments and employments world prosper and the flow of progress would reach to every hook and corner, even to the doors of the people. In order to assess the economic impact of these policies on Indian woman. There is a need to give a meaningful thought to the study of status before globalization and what improvements took place offer it.

Near about 1970, the government report entitled "Samanatekade Vatchal and Tyanantarchya Asanghatit Stree Shramshakti" shows that majority of woman in India are below poverty line. They have no property, land or wealth, no opportunities for education, development and health. Their position in the caste, class and religion is unequal and insecure. They have no opportunity in productive labor - sector. They have the work but it is on daily-basis and of fewer wages. The work exploits them. There are the first victims of violence. Such are the observations in the report.

### Statement of the Problem :

There is a need to study the availability of the work on daily basis to the women in urban and rural area, their ratio the participation in the productive work, and their financial conditions. It is also necessary to study the women's right on their

labor, opportunities for development, and the traditional approaches of looking at the have changed.

### Objectives:

- 1) To study the impact of globalization on women.
- 2) To study women's participation in the work.
- 3) To assess the cult of women - whether to organized sector or unorganized sector.
- 4) To know the condition of women farm-workers.
- 5) To assess whether globalization has really women's development.

### Concept of Globalization:

Congress Party established government under the leadership of Hon. P. V. Narsinhrao Chavan on 21 June 1991. The country was really passing through a difficult phase. The problems existed were adverse financial imbalance, meager store of foreign exchange, a big reduction in the import of foreign Capital (Investments), a major financial loss, productivity of previous investments, temporary loss to export market.

In order to overcome this problem of foreign exchange, the government introduced several solutions. One the most important was acceptance of new economic policy. This new economic policy was presented in the parliaments on 24th July 1991. Three objectives of this policy are: - Liberalization 2) Globalization 3) Privatization